

Knowledge Organiser Year 5 history: What was life like during the industrial revolution ?

Key Vocabulary	
Industry	A businesses which make a particular product.
Industrialisation	When a society is based on larger scale manufacturing (making things) at a large scale).
Chronology	The order in which events happen.
Society	Society is the whole group of people that make up a community. People in a society live in the same country or area and are linked with each other.
Class system	The way the society was organised. Most people belonged to the poor working class.
Work conditions	The safety of the working place (usually factories and mills).
Child labour	Children who work instead of being at school.
Trade union	An organisation which helps to organise workers to ask/demand better pay and work conditions.
Collective bargaining	is the negotiation process between an employer and a group of workers to establish better wages, working conditions
Education	is learning that takes place in schools or with private teachers.
Queen Victoria	The monarch/head of state of the United Kingdom during the Industrial Revolution.
Isambard Kingdom Brunel	A famous engineer who built many structures which supported the Industrial Revolution of Great Britian.

Life in the Factories

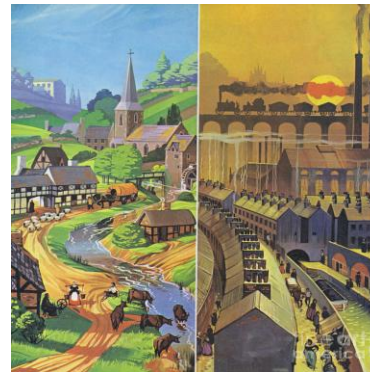
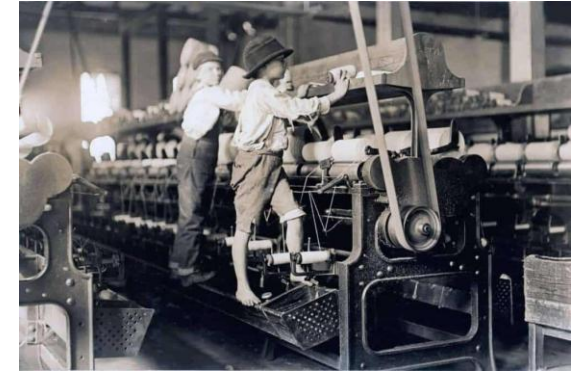
Life in these factories was incredibly dangerous. Workers were often ill with chest infections and lung disease caused by breathing in dangerous and deadly fumes.

Workers could often be crushed and killed by machinery, or lose limbs from working machine parts coming together.

Child Workers

Children as young as four were expected to work in factories. Because they were small, they were given dangerous jobs such as crawling under machinery to unblock them. This often caused terrible injuries or death.

In 1833, the Factory Act was implemented by the Government. This tried to make working conditions better for workers.



The Industrial Revolution influenced people's daily lives.

Life before 1750

- People live in rural villages and work with their hands.
- They grow their food or trade goods in the local market.
- Travel is by foot, horse, or sail.

Life after 1850

- People live and work in industrial towns or cities.
- They buy food and clothing made elsewhere.
- They can travel by train or steamboat.

