

# Knowledge Organiser Year 5 history:

## Who were the Anglo-Saxons and why did they invade/Settle in Britian?

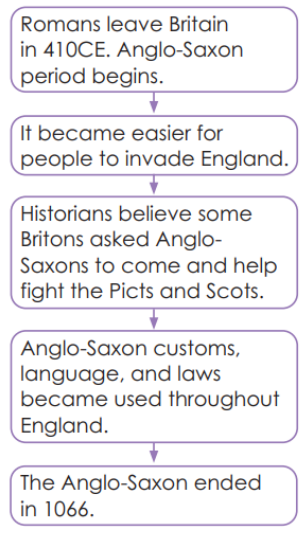
Key Vocabulary	
Instability	A time when people don't know who is in control.
Chronology	The order in which events happen.
Post Roman Britian	The period between 410-450AD.
De-urbanisation	When communities leave towns and cities for the countryside.
<b>Population</b>	The amount of people living in an area.
Migration	Moving away from your home to another country/region.
<b>Change continuity</b>	Things which do not stay the same. Things which stay the same.
Polytheism	<b>Belief in more than one god (also known as paganism)</b>
Monotheism	Belief in one god.
Conversion	Changing from one religion to another.
Artefact	An object or a source of information from the time being studied.

Sutton Hoo near Woodbridge, Suffolk, is the site of two 6th- and early 7th century cemeteries. One cemetery contained an undisturbed ship-burial, including a wealth of Anglo-Saxon artefacts of outstanding art-historical and archaeological significance.



### Anglo-Saxon England

Anglo-Saxon England was divided into seven kingdoms. Each kingdom was ruled by a different king. Earls ruled areas on behalf of the king.



### Daily life

took on specific roles and jobs to support the village

many Anglo-Saxons lived in small villages.



**Anglo-Saxon people**

abandoned Roman building and left them to ruin

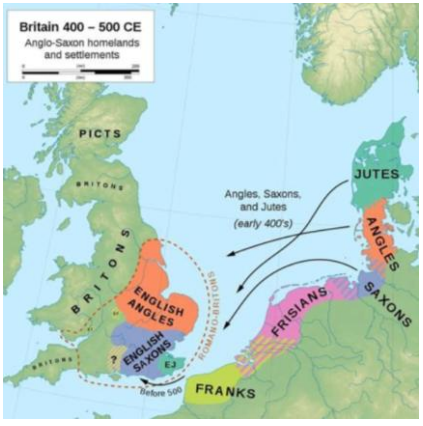
were involved in agriculture

### Discovery

- Sutton Hoo was discovered in 1939.
- The main literary sources of information about the Anglo-Saxon period are from Bede and the Anglo-Saxon Chronicle.



Iron helmet



Push factors	Pull factors
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Bad flooding at home</li> <li>▪ Too many wars at home</li> <li>▪ Not much free land available</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The Roman army left Britian</li> <li>▪ Britian has lots of good farmland</li> <li>▪ The Romano-British kings paid Anglo Saxons money to help them.</li> </ul>



<b>410AD</b> Romans leave Britain.	<b>450 AD</b> The Saxons row across the seas to invade Britain.	<b>556AD</b> Seven kingdoms created in England.	<b>597AD</b> Augustine began converting Anglo-Saxons to Christians.	<b>793AD</b> The Vikings raid the monastery on Lindisfarne and kill monks.	<b>866AD</b> Danes captured York (Jorvik) and rule there.	<b>886AD</b> Alfred the Great was King of Wessex.	<b>927AD</b> King Athelstan became first King of united England.
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