

# Knowledge Organiser Year 4 history: How did the Romans change Britian?

Key Vocabulary	
Infrastructure	term used to describe the built facilities which support modern human life.
Polytheism	Belief in multiple gods.
Monotheism	Belief in one god.
Christianity	life and teachings of Jesus Christ, who Christians believe to be the Son of God.
Trade	Buying and selling things
Chronology	means the order things happen.
Settlement	places where people live and sometimes work.
Collaborate	Work with
Oppose	Work against
<b>Rebellion</b>	people decide to fight against a group who have control over them.
<b>Boudicca</b>	was ruler of the <b>Iceni</b> , a tribe of people in ancient Britain.
<b>Iceni</b>	an ancient Celtic tribe of eastern England, whose queen, <b>Boudicca</b> , headed <b>rebellion</b> against the Romans.

### Roman Technology and Building

An aqueduct

An amphitheatre

### Evidence of the Romans in Britain

A mosaic in Fishbourne Roman Palace in Sussex

Roman coins have been found in Britain. Here is an example of a Roman coin.

### Roman Remains Across Britain

Hadrian's Wall

The Roman Baths at Bath

The remains of a Roman fort

Brading Roman Villa

## A Roman Town

- A town was laid out in a square or rectangle.
- There were 2 main axes: North to South and East to West.
- 4 main gates protected each entrance.
- Houses were made out of stone or brick.
- Thick town walls were built for protection.
- Aqueducts brought water into the town.
- The Basilica was in the centre and was where the town was run from.
- Amphitheatres were for entertainment.
- Temples were where they worshipped their gods and Emperors.
- Baths were close to the town centre.
- Shops ran along the side of houses.
- A Circus Track ran outside the town for chariot racing.
- Roman villas were for the wealthy and had central heating.

